

46th Session of the Human Rights Council Joint Statement Item 3: General debate March 11, 2021

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## Stonewalling of TRIPS waiver proposed by developed countries: Akin to rent-seeking and profiteering at the cost of human lives

President, multilateralism was founded upon the principles of international cooperation and solidarity and with the objectives of ensuring global peace and protection of human rights. The COVID-19 pandemic and its fall out, felt in every country of the world, should have brought a renewed commitment to international solidarity and reinforced the necessity of interdependence between nations. To the contrary, we are witnessing 'vaccine nationalism', with a small group of rich countries stockpiling vaccines, and COVID-19 related medical materials at the expense of everyone else. For instance, "per capita imports of the medical goods essential to mitigate the COVID-19 pandemic have been about 100 times larger in high-income countries in comparison to low-income countries.¹" The stonewalling of the temporary TRIPS waiver proposal by developed countries in this moment of urgent crisis is akin to rent seeking and profiteering at the cost of real human lives, for instance the attempt by Israel to extort political gains through the provision of excess stockpiled vaccines.² The extraordinary precarity facing the world today demands that access to COVID-19 vaccines and related medical supplies not be treated like any other value chain issue, subject to market forces. Having the right to life and right to health at stake means that States must have a human rights based response.

The Special Procedures in the statement on vaccines highlighted that "Isolationist health policies and procurement are in contradiction with international human rights standards," It is reported that just 10 countries have administered 75% of all COVID 19 vaccines. The countries with the most coverage per capita are: Canada, the United Kingdom, Chile, New Zealand and Australia. Now, the human rights council as the body responsible for promotion and protection of all human rights must ask itself, whether

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://twn.my/title2/wto.info/2020/ti201025.htm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.timesofisrael.com/israel-said-set-to-give-nearly-100000-vaccine-doses-to-15-countries/

https://www.ohchr.org/EN/NewsEvents/Pages/DisplayNews.aspx?NewsID=26484&LangID=E

<sup>4</sup> https://www.aljazeera.com/news/2021/2/17/un-chief-urges-global-plan-to-reverse-unfair-vaccine-access

it is indeed upholding human rights at all - or protecting corporate interests? It is important for all states, particularly the rich states with means to stockpile vaccines, to be accountable to the people and not corporations and big pharma. In a cruel irony, an estimated 7,5 billion euro of public funds have been used to support big pharma's vaccine development<sup>5</sup>, making vaccines truly public goods. Yet, states fail to reign in the pharma monopolies by insisting that they share their science and technology with others to ensure that the global demand can be met.

As noted by the UN Secretary General, a COVID-19 vaccine must be seen as a public good. We endorse the call of the People's Vaccine Alliance calling on governments and corporations to prevent monopolies on vaccine and treatment production by making public funding for research and development conditional on research institutions and pharmaceutical companies freely sharing all information, data, biological material, know-how and intellectual property.<sup>6</sup>

We demand that the Human Rights Council and all states take a stance against the further proliferation of a neocolonial, neoliberal world order where profits are prioritised over people. We demand that States uphold human rights, to support TRIPs waiver and ensure equitable distribution of vaccines in a manner conducive to the right to development for everyone.

## Endorsed by:

- 1. International Women's Rights Action Watch Asia Pacific (IWRAW AP)
- 2. AWID
- 3. Women's Global Network for Reproductive Rights (WGNRR)
- 4. Global Network of Sex Work Projects (NSWP)
- 5. Cairo Institute for Human Rights Studies (CIHRS)
- 6. Sexual Rights Initiative
- 7. Egyptian Human Rights Forum
- 8. Conectas Direitos Humanos
- 9. International Civil Society Action Network (ICAN)
- 10. Synergia, Initiative for Human Rights
- 11. Asia Indigenous Peoples Pact (AIPP)
- 12. Habitat International Coalition
- 13. COC-Nederland
- 14. Jerusalem Legal Aid and Human Rights Center (JLAC)
- 15. MIFTAH
- 16. RESURJ (Realizing Sexual and Reproductive Justice Alliance)
- 17. Egyptian Initiative for Personal Rights (EIPR)
- 18. Federation for Women and Family Planning
- 19. Women's Centre for Legal Aid and Counselling (WCLAC)
- 20. Brazilian Interdisciplinary Association for AIDS (ABIA)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> https://www.bbc.com/news/business-55170756

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The People's Vaccine, https://peoplesvaccine.org/

- 21. Akahatá
- 22. Development Alternatives with Women for a New Era (DAWN)
- 23. Latin America Consrtium Agianst Unsafe Abortion
- 24. Centro de Promoción y Defensa de los Derechos Sexuales y Reproductivos (PROMSEX)
- 25. Women & Media Collective (WMC), Sri Lanka
- 26. Shirkat Gah- Women's Resource Centre, Pakistan
- 27. Center for Independent Journalism (CIJ), Malaysia
- 28. Global Interfaith Network for People of All Sexes, Sexual Orientations, Gender Identities and Expressions
- 29. Center for Reproductive Rights (CRR)
- 30. Global Alliance Against Traffic in Women (GAATW)
- 31. Queer Hindu Alliance
- 32. Mitini Nepal
- 33. Centre for Policy Alternatives, Sri Lanka
- 34. Addameer Prisoner Support and Human Rights Association
- 35. Al-Haq, Law in the Service of Man
- 36. Al-Rakeezeh Foundation for Relief and Development (Iraq)
- 37. Dhameer for Rights and Freedoms
- 38. The Yemeni Observatory of Mines
- 39. Gender and Development Network (GADN)
- 40. Foundation for Studies and Research on Women (FEIM)
- 41. Al-hag for Human Rights (Yemen)
- 42. CNCD-11.11.11
- 43. OutRight Action International
- 44. Fundación Arcoíris por el Respeto a la Diversidad Sexual A.C. Mexico
- 45. Pacific Women's Watch- New Zealand
- 46. Association ESE Macedonia
- 47. Coalition of African Lesbians
- 48. International Lesbian and Gay Association
- 49. Yemeni Observatory for Human Rights (YOHR)
- 50. Watch for Human Rights (Yemen)
- 51. AIDS and Rights Alliance for Southern Africa (ARASA)
- 52. Syrian Center for Media and Freedom of Expression
- 53. Growth foundation for development & improvement (Iraq)
- 54. FIDH International Federation for Human Rights
- 55. ESCR-Net International Network for Economic, Social and Cultural Rights
- 56. Oficina para América Latina de la Coalición Internacional para el Hábitat (HIC-AL)
- 57. Iraqi Observatory for Human Rights
- 58. International Service for Human Rights (ISHR)
- 59. Jurists Without Chains
- 60. Belady Foundation for Human Rights
- 61. Libya Al Mostakbal

- 62. Independent Organization for Human Rights
- 63. Defender Center for Human Rights
- 64. Al-Aman Organization Against Racial Discrimination
- 65. FEMENA
- 66. Women for Women's Human Rights (WWHR) New Ways
- 67. Addameer Prisoner Support and Human Rights Organization
- 68. Naripokkho
- 69. Centro de Estudios Legales y Sociales CELS
- 70. Commonwealth Human Rights Initiative (CHRI)
- 71. Réseau Ouest africain des Défenseurs des Droits Humains/West African Human Rights Defenders' Network